(SRI T. TARE GOWDA)

(*c*) whether the Executive Engineer, Tumkur, has submitted the estimate after scrutiny to the Chief Engineer ?

A.—Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA (Minister for Public Works and Electricity).—

(*a*) Such a proposal is under the consideration of the department.

(*b*) Yes.

(*c*) Not yet.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ತಾರೇಗೌಡ.—ಇದುವರೆಗೂ ಎಕ್ಸಿಕ್ಯೂಟಿವ್ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರು ಎಸ್ಟಿಮೇಟ್ ಕಳುಹಿಸದೇ ಇರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವೇನು ?

*Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—It is a matter of increasing the capacity of the tank and surveys are being effected to assess the water potential so as to increase the capacity of the tank.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ತಾರೇಗೌಡ.—ಈ ವರ್ಷ ಎರಡುಸಾರಿ ಕೋಡಿ ಬಿದ್ದಿರುವುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—I want notice.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ತಾರೇಗೌಡ.—ಈ ಕೆರೆಗೆ ಸುಮಾರು 30 ಮೈಲಿ ದೂರ ಕ್ಯಾಚ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಏರಿಯಾ ಇರುವುದು ಗೊತ್ತೇ ?

Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—Yes. It is being investigated thoroughly and that is one of the reasons why it is being delayed ?

Sri Y. VEERAPPA.—What is the area of the land to be irrigated ?

Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—The present achkat is 816 acres and the future capacity is 909 units.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ತಾರೇಗೌಡ.—ಯಾವಾಗ ಎಸ್ಟಿಮೇಟು ತರಿಸಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಮಂಜೂರುಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ ?

Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA.—Sir, the real difficulty is, there was a dispute between two villages and some of the villagers wanted the *ANE* below the waste-weir. This question was being investigated and therefore some time has elapsed. But Government will take a firm decision over this matter very shortly and action will be taken.

Strength of Scheduled Caste Students in the Scheduled Caste Trust Fund Boardings at Gulbarga, Bidar and Raichur.

Q.—1218. Sri J. P. SARWESH (Serum).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the number of Scheduled Caste students in the Schedulel Caste Trust Fund Boardings at Gulbarga, Bidar and Raichur, respectively ;

(*b*) the amount allotted to run these Scheduled Caste Boardings in these places separately for the year 1957-58 ?

A.—Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI (Minister for Education),—

(*a*) *Gulbarga*	*Raichur*	*Bidar*
211	56	188
(*b*) Rs. 42,639	Rs. 14,441	Rs. 29,937

Sri J. P. SARWESH.—Sir, what are the yearly rents of these respective boarding buildings ?

*Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI.—House rent for Gulbarga

	Hostel	Rs. 4,114
Do	Bidar	Rs. 1,668
Do	Raichur	Rs. 1,020

Sri J. P. SARWESH.—Sir, can you give the number of students who were refused admission into the Gulbarga hostel and Bidar hostel ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—This figure pertains to 1957-58.

Revised D.A. to the Employees of the Government Industrial Concerns.

Q.—1903. Sri V. SRINIVAS SHETTY (Coondapur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the total number of persons employed in the industrial concerns run by the Government ;

(*b*) the lowest scale of wages of workers in these concerns and the rate of D.A. paid to them ;

(*c*) the lowest scale of pay and dearness allowance paid to the workers in the private sector ;

(*d*) whether the Government undertook to revise the D.A. of their employees at the time of general revision ;

(*e*) whether they revised and raised the D.A. of Government emp-

loyees to a minimum of Rs. 30 with effect from 1st January 1957 ;

(*f*) the reasons for not giving the benefit of the recent revision to these employees in Government industrial concerns ?

A.—Sri B. D. JATTI (Chief Minister).—

(*a*) 31,801.

(*b*) The lowest wage is Re. 1 per day in all industries except in Silk Filatures. The lowest rate D.A. is Rs. 30 per month for cities with population of one lakh and over and Rs. 25 in mofussil areas.

(*c* Not readily available.

(*d*) Yes.

(*e*) Yes, at cities and towns with a population of one lakh and above.

(*f*) Benefits have been extended as above.

Sri V. SRINIVAS SHETTY.—What is the lowest wage in silk filatures Sir ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is between six annas and twelve annas.

Sri V. SRINIVAS SHETTY.—Since how long has this low wage been continuing, Sir ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—For many days it is continuing. It is very difficult to raise the wages because it is not paying.

Sri Y. VEERAPPA.—Why this disparity in wages between industry and industry, Sir ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Because the industry is not paying, it is very difficult to raise the wage.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—What is the difficulty for the Government to collect comparative figures about wages in private sector ? You have said in the answer that figures are not available.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—There is no special difficulty. It is difficult to collect figures.

Sri U. M. MADAPPA.—Is it not a fact that the Budget indicates an income of two lakhs against silk filatures ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—I cannot readily give figures, Sir.

Sri M. DANAPPA.—Sir, may I know the number of Scheduled Castes among these ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Notice.

Sri J. VENKATAPPA.—Sir, it is stated here that because the silk industry is not paying, wages cannot be increased. Has it come to the notice of the Government that in private sector they are paying 1 to 2 rupees per day per head and in spite of it they are getting profits ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is possible.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—May I know what was the difficulty for the Government to get the details since the last 17 months, from the public sector ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—I have replied that it was not possible for Government to collect figures. It will require more time.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Because you have not extended the benefit of revision to silk industry, is it not a fact that the quality is bad and the output has been reduced, because you are not paying better wages ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is not because we are not paying better wages. But profits are not more. That is why we are not paying more.

Sri L. S. VENKAJI RAO.—Is it not a fact that the public sector contains mostly basic industries ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Yes, Sir.

Sri L. S. VENKAJI RAO.—Is it not a fact that on an average, the private sector is earning more because of the circumstances and marketability of goods ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is a matter of opinion, Sir.

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—Is it not a fact that the information asked for in the question (*c*) is available with the Labour Department ?

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA.—To some extent, it is available, Sir. Not in full.

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ಟಿ. ಸೀತಾರಾಮರಾವ್.—1 ನೆಯ ಜನವರಿ 1957ರಿಂದ ಒಂದು ಲಕ್ಷ ಜನ ಇರುವಕಡೆ ತುಟ್ಟಿ ಭತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಮೂವತ್ತು ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಿದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಿದರು. ಇದನ್ನು cost of living index ನೋಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆಯೇ ಅಥವ ಬೇರೆ ಯಾವ ಆಧಾರದವೆ ರೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಜೆ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—Cost of living index ಆಧಾರದಮೇರೆ ಮಾಡಿಲ್ಲ. ಒಂದು ಲಕ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಮೇಲ್ಪಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಜಾನಂಖ್ಯೆಯ ಆಧಾರದಮೇರೆ ಮಾಡಿವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ಟಿ. ಸೀತಾರಾಮರಾವ್.—ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿನ ಹಾಗೆಯೇ ಜೀವನವ ವೆಚ್ಚ ಒಂದೇ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿರತಕ್ಕ ಕಡವೆ ಜನ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಇರುವ ಕಡೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಇದೇ ರೀತಿಯಾಗಿ ತುಟ್ಟಿ ಭತ್ತ ವನ್ನು ಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಆ ರೀತಿಯಾಗಿ ಮನವಿಗಳು ಬಂದಿದ್ದು ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆಮಾಡಿದೆ.

Sri F. H. MOHSIN.—Is it under the contemplation of Government to fix minimum wages for workers working in the private sector ?

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA.—Minimum wage boards have been appointed recently. They will go into the question and fix up minimum wages for all industries including Government industries.

ಶ್ರೀ ಯು. ಎಂ. ಮಾದಪ್ಪ.—ಪ್ರಪಂಚದ ಯಾವ ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ದಿನ ಒಂದಕ್ಕೆ ಆರಾಣಿಯಿಂದ ಹನ್ನೆರ ಡಾಣಿಯವರೆಗೆ ಕೂಲಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರತಕ್ಕ ಸಂದರ್ಭ ಗಳಿಲ್ಲವೆಂಬುದನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರ ನೋಡಿಯಾದರೂ ನಾಚಿ ಕೆಬೇಡವೇ !

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ನಾಚಿಕೆಪಡುವಂಥಾದ್ದು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಇದೆ.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—Is it not a fact that it is customary to link dearness allowance to the cost of living index ?

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA.—Yes, Sir.

Sri J. VENKATAPPA.—Considering the industry as such and the health of the persons and labourers involved in that industry, will it not be possible to increase the wages paid ?

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA.—On behalf of the Labour Department I would say that there is no such demand. If the demand comes, we will certainly enquire into it. There will be conciliation proceedings and if it fails, the matter will be referred to the tribunal.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Are the Government aware that the labourers in the silk industry are not organised into proper labour unions ?

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA.—If it has failed to organise properly, we will give them all facilities to organise themselves.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Will the Government consider the desirability of introducing uniform scales of wages in the silk filatures run by the Government ?

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA.—The answer has already been given. We have appointed Minimum Wages Boards and Committees have been appointed for each industry. We will await their recommendations.

Sri V. SRINIVAS SHETTY.—Have the dearness allowance to workers at Bhadravathi and cement works at Bhadravathi been revised and if so, have they accepted the revised D.A.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—No decision has been arrived at. It is under consideration.

Sri V. SRINIVAS SHETTY.—For how long has it been under the consideration?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Since about a year.

1-30 P.M.

Conversion of new Type Middle Schools into pucca Middle Schools in Jankal and Mathodu Villages of Hosadurga Taluk.

Q.—1965 Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA (Hosadurga).—

Will the Government be plesased to state :—

(*a*) when were the N.T. Middle Schools started in Jankal and Mathodu villages in Hosadurga taluk ;

(*b*) the reasons for not yet converting the above schools into pucca middle schools !

A.—Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI (Minister for Education).—

(*a*) On 3rd September 1947 at Janakal and on 27th October 1914 at Mathodu.

(*b*) All the Middle School Classes have been started in these schools and the question of conversion does not arise.

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—What is the differenee between the N.T.M. School and middle school ?

*Smt. GRACE TUCKER.—The N.T M. School is a primary school which is upgraded and the full fledged or a pucca middle school is one which is bifurcated from the primary school and has four classes of its own. The N.T.M. has also four classes of its own: But the strength of the four classes do not warrant a different school altogether. According to the teacher-pupil ratio, it should be 1:25 and the NTM would